# THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW ENGLAND

# **EXAMINER INFORMATION FORM**

UNIT NAME:	GENE 422
PAPER TITLE:	Genetic Evaluation and Breeding program design
PAPER NUMBER:	First and only
TIME ALLOWED:	3 (THREE) hours plus fifteen minutes reading time
	O BE <u>WITHHELD</u> FROM THE CANDIDATES AND CE AFTER THE EXAMINATION?
	NO
We certify that we have correct in all respects. It is	e checked the attached examination question paper and that it is s in order for printing.
SIGNATURE OF EXAI	MINER: DATE:
PRINT NAME: Julius	van der Werf
EXAMINER'S UNE EX	KTENSION: 2092 HOME TELEPHONE: 752442
(This information is requi	ired in case any urgent queries about papers arise)
	O OF DEPARTMENT or nominee:
DATE:	

# THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW ENGLAND

UNIT NAME:	GENE 422
PAPER NUMBER:	First and only
PAPER TITLE:	Animal Genetics and Breeding
DATE:	TIME:
TIME ALLOWED:	3 (THREE) hours plus fifteen minutes reading time
NUMBER OF PAGE	S IN PAPER: 3 (THREE)
NUMBER OF QUES	TIONS ON PAPER: 11 (ELEVEN)
NUMBER OF QUES	TIONS TO BE ANSWERED: 11 (ELEVEN)
Stationery per candida  - x rough we	
Graph Paper: NIL	(Number of Sheets)
Pocket calculators peri	mitted: YES (Silent type)
Mathematical tables pe	ermitted: YES
Other aids required: N	IIL .
INSTRUCTIONS FO	R CANDIDATES:
TEVTROOKS OD N	OTES DEDMITTED: NO

THE UNIVERSITY CONSIDERS IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS TO BE A SERIOUS OFFENCE. PENALTIES FOR CHEATING ARE EXCLUSION FROM THE UNIVERSITY FOR ONE YEAR AND/OR CANCELLATION OF ANY CREDIT RECEIVED IN THE EXAMINATION FOR THAT UNIT.

#### **EXAM GENETICS 422**

# SECTION A 16 marks. Answer both questions, try to be brief.

# 1.[8 marks.]

Discuss advantages and disadvantages of a 'desired gains approach' when defining breeding objectives in animal improvement.

# 2. [8 marks]

Consider that a fixed number of breeding cows are available to be used as mates in a progeny test program. What factors affect the decision on how many young bulls to progeny test? Briefly describe how you would go about making this decision.

# SECTION B 16 marks. Answerboth questions.

# 1 [8 marks]

Explain the difference between a genetic map and a physical map of an organism's genome. What units of measurement are used for each type of map.

# 3. [8 marks]

In what situation is the positional cloning strategy utilised (as opposed to the functional or candidate cloning strategy). Explain the main limitation to using the positional cloning approach to identify (clone) a major gene affecting a quantitative trait. How can you prove that the candidate identified gene has a direct effect on the trait, rather than an effect due to linkage with another gene.

# SECTION C 36 marks. Answer all four questions.

# 1.[10 marks]

Contrast the terms parent selection and progeny selection. Describe a situation when parent selection is more optimal and describe also a situation where progeny selection is preferred. Situations should be discussed in relation to the properties of the EBV that are used as criteria for selection.

# 2. [10 marks]

Discuss to what extend you agree with the following statements:

- "Males should have a progeny test before they are selected as sires of sires (i.e. as nucleus sires) ".
- "Once progeny tested, we don't expect the EBV of a ram to change anymore in future genetic evaluations"

# 3.[10 marks]

Given are the phenotypic values and the EBV's for weaning weight of the following two young bulls.

	Pnenotype	EB V	
Red Rocket	250 Kg		-5
Super Dooper	220	+18	

The EBV's are based on Breedplan. The owner of the two animals wonders why his better animal does not have the higher EBV. Discuss with the farmer some reasons why this could happen. What questions would you ask him, and what arguments could you give him to explain the situation.

# 4. [10 marks]

Show graphically why it is much easier to increase merit in two traits that are positively correlated than it is in two traits that are negatively correlated. Discuss an example. Also discuss in which circumstances the optimal selection strategy would be most sensitive to a change in economic weights.

# SECTION D 24 marks.

# 1. [10 marks]

A farmer wants to buy a ram and he is told this ram has a M1M2 genotype for an M-marker. He/She asks you advice and wants to know how valuable this marker-genotype information is. What advice would you give the farmer, and what kind of information would you search for in the literature to be able to give a proper advice here.

# 2. [10 marks]

Describe why an open nucleus breeding scheme might be expected to give more response to selection than a closed nucleus breeding scheme of the same total size. Use a diagram to help illustrate your answer.

# 3. [8 marks]

Dominance and Epistasis are two types of genetic interaction that can affect the expression of heterosis. Write down for each of these what effect they are likely to have on heterosis expression (either favourable or unfavourable). Support your choices with brief explanations. [Consider Epistasis in this context as the interaction between unlinked genes that are related in function.]