

Practical Wednesday afternoon

Part 1. Response to mass selection

Use mass_response.r for this exercise. The additive model for V_e is assumed.

1. Calculate the response in mean and variance when applying mass selection. The additive genetic variance σ_{am}^2 in mean is 0.1, environmental variance (σ_E^2) is 0.9 and the genetic variance in V_e (σ_{av}^2) is 0.05. Change the selection proportion from 50% to 1%. What do you observe?
2. What is V_e and the normal heritability in the next generation for different selection intensities?
3. Use the index in R with P and P^2 and calculate the responses in mean and variance when $r_{am,av} \neq 0$. The rest of the parameters is the same as in question 1. The selected proportion is either 20% or 1%. Vary $r_{am,av}$ between -1 and 1.
4. Calculate the heritability of V_e for different values of $varav$ and $varam$ assuming the additive model for V_e . Make a plot of the heritability of V_e as a function of the heritability of the mean.
5. Calculate the heritability of V_e for different values of $varav$ and $varam$ assuming the exponential model for V_e . Make a plot of the heritability of V_e as a function of the heritability of the mean. What do you observe in comparison with question 4?

Part 2. Information of relatives and response to selection in variance

Use the R-code response to selection sibs.R. The additive model is assumed for V_e .

6. Calculate the accuracy of selection on V_e as a function of number of half-sib or half-sib offspring (10 – 200). Assume σ_{am}^2 in mean is 0.1, environmental variance (σ_E^2) is 0.9 and the genetic variance in V_e (σ_{av}^2) is 0.05 or 0.02. Make a plot.
7. What is the response in variance when selecting the 10% animals in both sexes with highest EBV for variance when $varam=0.1$, $vare=0.9$, $varav=0.05$, $rgamav=0$ and assuming 50 half-sibs as information to estimate the breeding values for V_e .
8. Determine the responses in variance in the next 5 generations. Does the accuracy change? Why?
9. Make an index using economic weights of 1.0 and -1.0 for mean and variance. Use either 50 half-sibs or 50 half-sib progeny. Use the same parameters as in question 1. Calculate the response in A_m and A_v when selecting the best 10% animals in both sexes. Compare the responses to selection in A_m and A_v .
10. Assume 50 half-sib progeny for breeding value estimation and economic values of 1.0 and -1.0. Change the genetic correlation between A_m and A_v from -0.9 to 0.9. Make a plot of the responses in A_m and A_v .
11. Assume 50 half-sib progeny for breeding value estimation. Change the economic value on A_v from 0 to -100; keep $v_{am}=1$. Assume the genetic correlation between mean and variance is 0 or 0.5. Make a plot.