

une

University of
New England

Genetic Evaluation, BLUP

Lecture 11

Introduction to Breeding and Genetics

GENE 251/351

School of Environment and Rural Science (Genetics)

Estimation of Breeding Values in livestock in Australia

- Genetic evaluation systems

Beef: BREEDPLAN via breed societies

Sheep: Sheep Genetics: Lambplan, MerinoSelect

Dairy: ADHIS

- Breeder submits phenotypes and pedigree
- Genetic evaluation system returns EBVs
 - plus other information e.g. selection indexes, accuracies, inbreeding coefficients
- Calculating of EBVs is generally via BLUP method

Extract from LAMBPLAN report

Terminals - Top 150

Analysis Date Friday, 15 June 2001



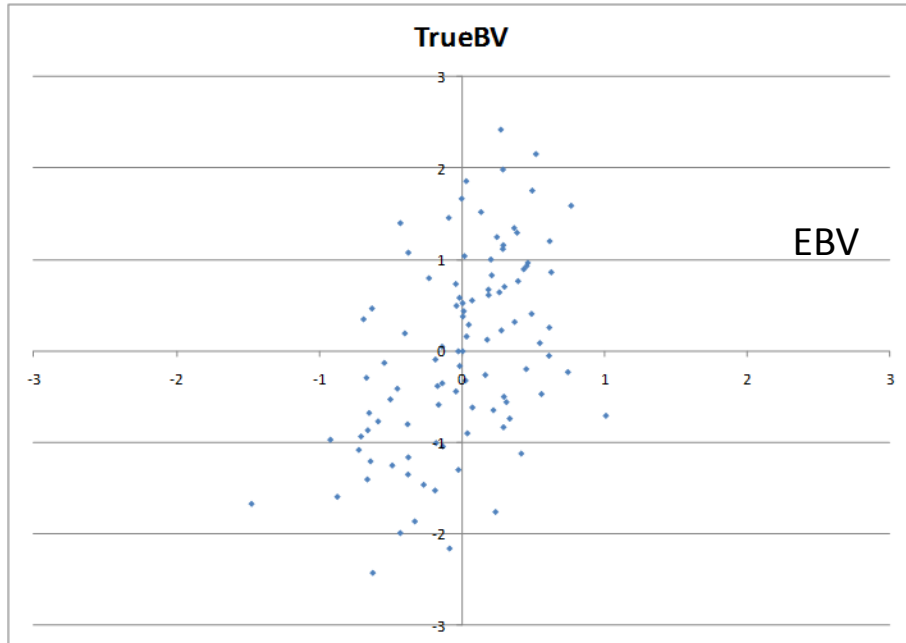
Sires

ID	Stud of breeding	Wwt	Pwwt	Ywt	Pfat	Pemd	Carcase +	Progeny	Inbreeding & Accuracies			Sire of Dam	
									Coeff	Weight	Carcase	Sire	Sire of Dam
161972-1999-990196	HILLCROFT FARMS	5.46	14.95	14.94	-1.19	1.62	226.64	38	0.133	83	70	1619721998980093	1630001993930134
162368-1998-980211	KURRALEA	6.60	12.39	12.69	-0.89	2.50	215.20	1148		97	96	1623681994940260	8600401992920175
162204-1999-990453	BETHELREI	8.52	13.38	15.87	-1.18	1.11	211.75	224		93	89	8601221993930205	1619721995950289
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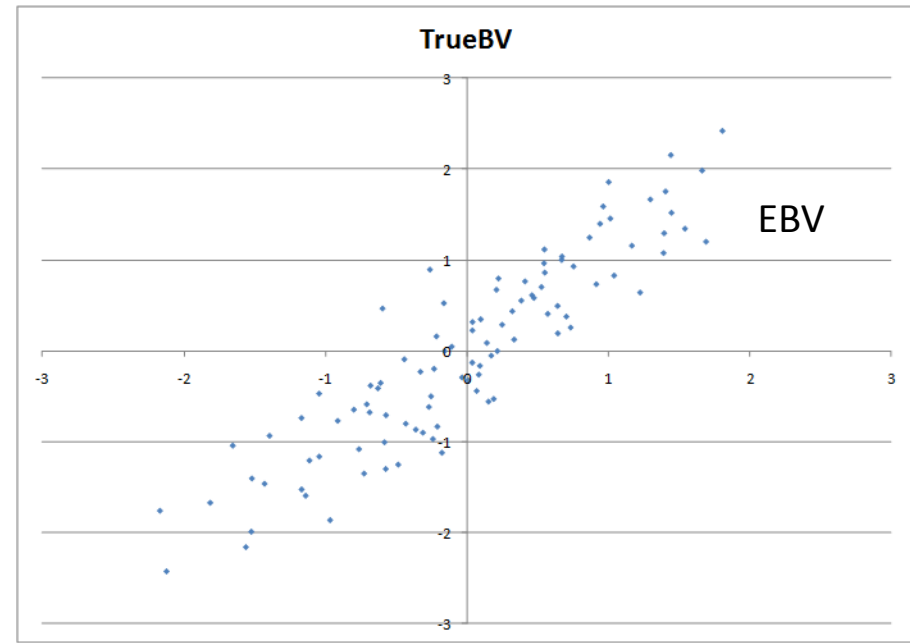
What is a BLUP EBV?

- Best Linear Unbiased Prediction
- Uses a statistical model (linear mixed model) such that
 - Information of all relatives is used Best
 - Fixed effects are accounted for Unbiased
 - The method accounts for selection over time
 - Non-random mating of sires and dams

Accuracy of EBV = correlation with True BV



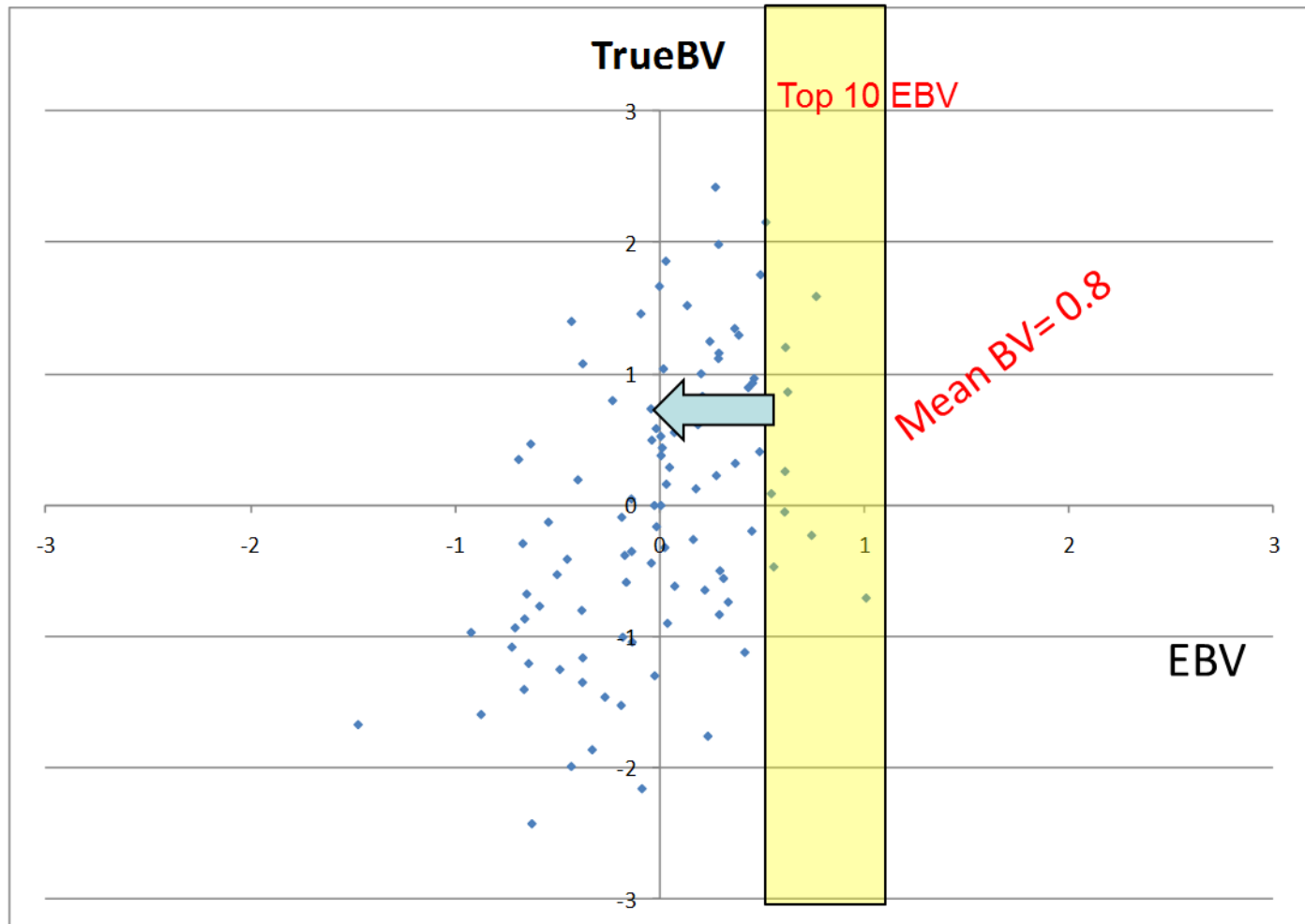
Accuracy = 45%



Accuracy = 90%

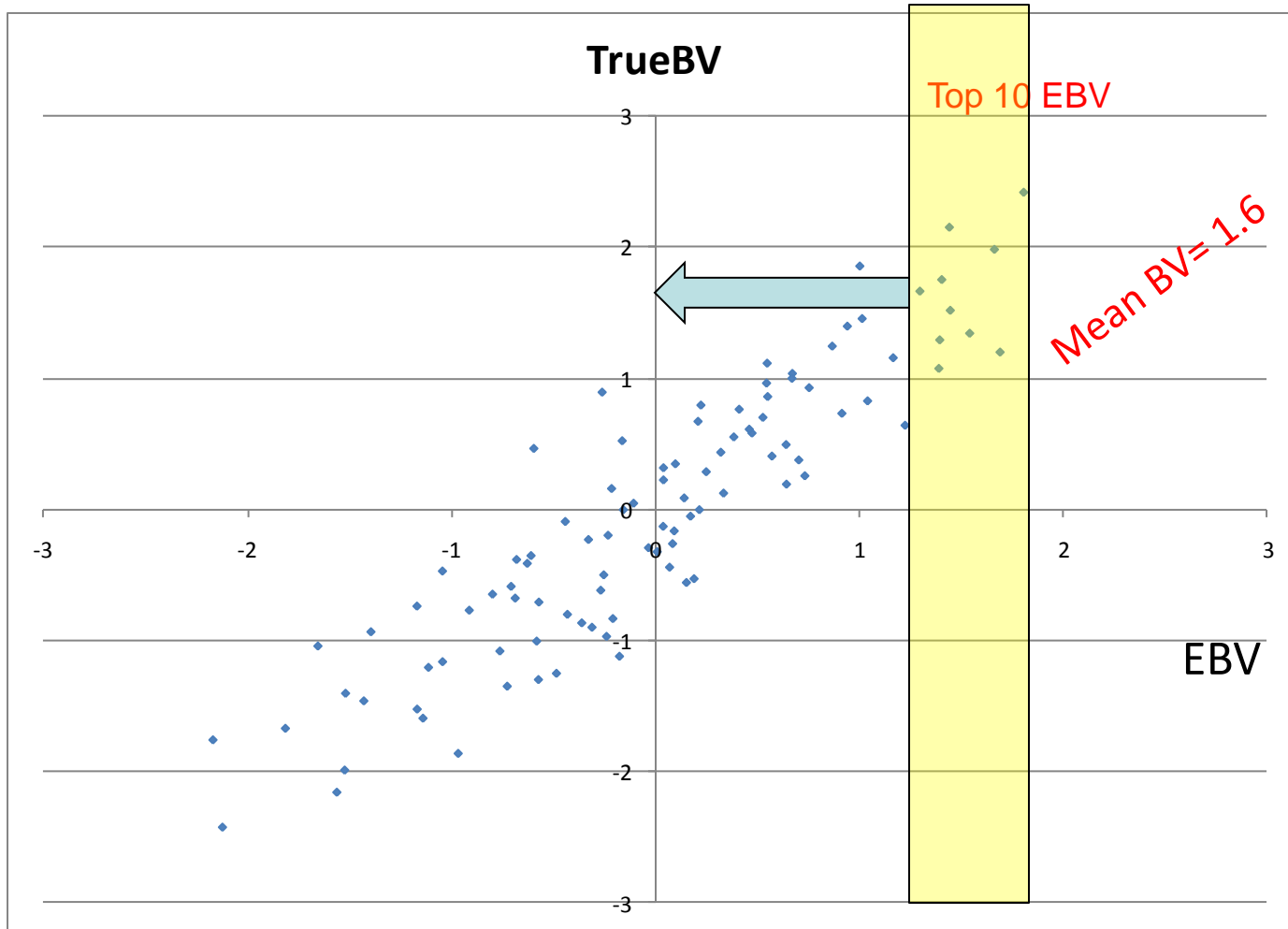
Select on EBV: accuracy related to response

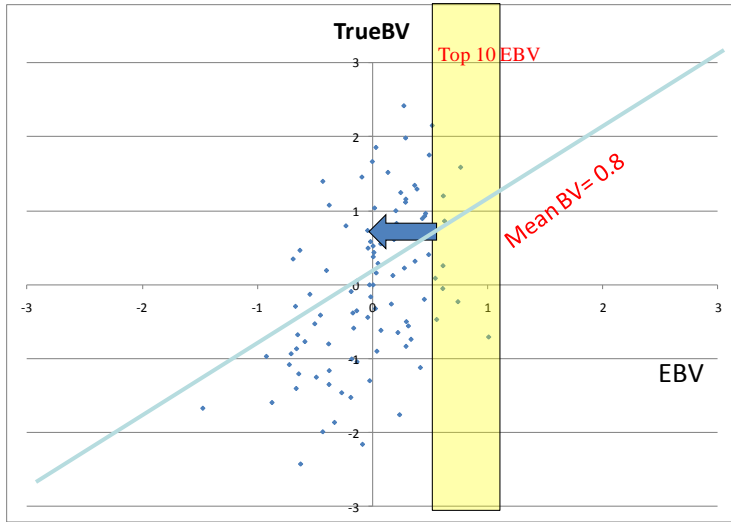
Accuracy = 45%



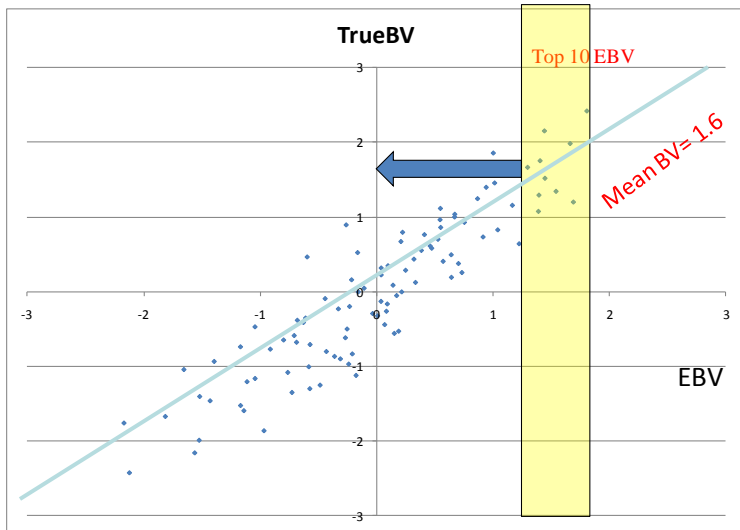
Double accuracy gives double selection response!

Accuracy = 90%





Accuracy = 45%



the more accuracy,
the more response

Accuracy of predicting a breeding value

Info used.	$h^2 = 0.25$	Accuracy of EBV
Sire + Dam		0.35
Prog Tested Sire + Dam		0.49
..... + Own Record		0.63
..... + DNA markers		0.71
..... + 30 progeny		0.85
..... + 1000 progeny		0.99

Features of EBVs

High accuracy, for high response *'best'*

- *highest correlation between true and estimated breeding value*

Lack of any bias, for fair comparison *'unbiased'*

- *Comparisons between animals should not be affected by non-genetic effects*

Possible causes of bias from 'fixed effects'

- **Problem:** Animals reared as different birth/rearing type
- **Solution:** Compare phenotypes with others of same type

- **Problem:** Animals producing in different herds
- **Solution:** Take phenotypic deviation from herd mean

- **Problem:** Animals are measured at different ages
- **Solution:** Correct phenotypes back to the appropriate age

Correcting for age differences

	<u>Age (mo)</u>	<u>Weaning Weight Kg.</u>
Alfy	11	280
Betty	13	295

Population mean
at 12 mo = 285kg

Correcting for age differences

	<u>Age (mo)</u>	<u>Weaning Weight Kg.</u>
Alfy	11	280
Betty	13	295

Population mean
at 12 mo = 285kg



Correct phenotypes to a 'constant' age

If growth per month is 9 kg/mo) →

Corrected weights

$$A: 280 - 9.(11 - 12) = 289 \text{ kg} \quad \rightarrow \quad P = +4$$

$$B: 295 - 9.(13 - 12) = 286 \text{ kg} \quad \rightarrow \quad P = +1$$

Example of contemporary groups

Bull	YW	Herd Ave	P	EBV
				$h^2=40\%$
Bert	330	300	+30	+12
Flossy	300	260	+40	+16

Note that this assumes that herds have the same *genetic* mean

Can not always take simple deviation from herd averages

	Herd A	Herd B
Progeny of Sire 1	320	
Progeny of Sire 2	300	
Progeny of Sire 3	-	310
Progeny of Sire 4	-	330

Can not always take simple deviation from herd averages

	Herd A	Herd B
Progeny of Sire 1	320	
Progeny of Sire 2	300	
Progeny of Sire 3	-	310
Progeny of Sire 4	-	330
Progeny of Sire 5	290	340

Link sire

A linear model is used to correct for unbalanced data

Possible causes of bias 'fixed effect confounded with genetic effect'

- **Problem:** Animals producing in different herds, and the different herds have different genetic means (*no longer can take phenotypic deviation from herd mean*)
- **Solution:** Use reference sires as links between herds, and simultaneously evaluate herd and sire effects

A feature of BLUP

In most genetic evaluation programs:

- Linkage between flocks/herd is now substantial
- This allows across-flock and even across-breed analysis

Possible causes of bias 'unequal merit of mates'

– **Problem:** Some sires have better mates

Sire 1: +300

Dam 1: +200


Progeny: +250

Sire 2: +300

Dam 2: +300

Progeny: +300

*Without information on the dams, sire 2
would 'look better' due to a higher progeny mean*



■ **Solution:** Account for mates by evaluating all animals jointly

A feature of BLUP

Possible causes of bias 'selection bias'

– **Problem:** There is culling and selection

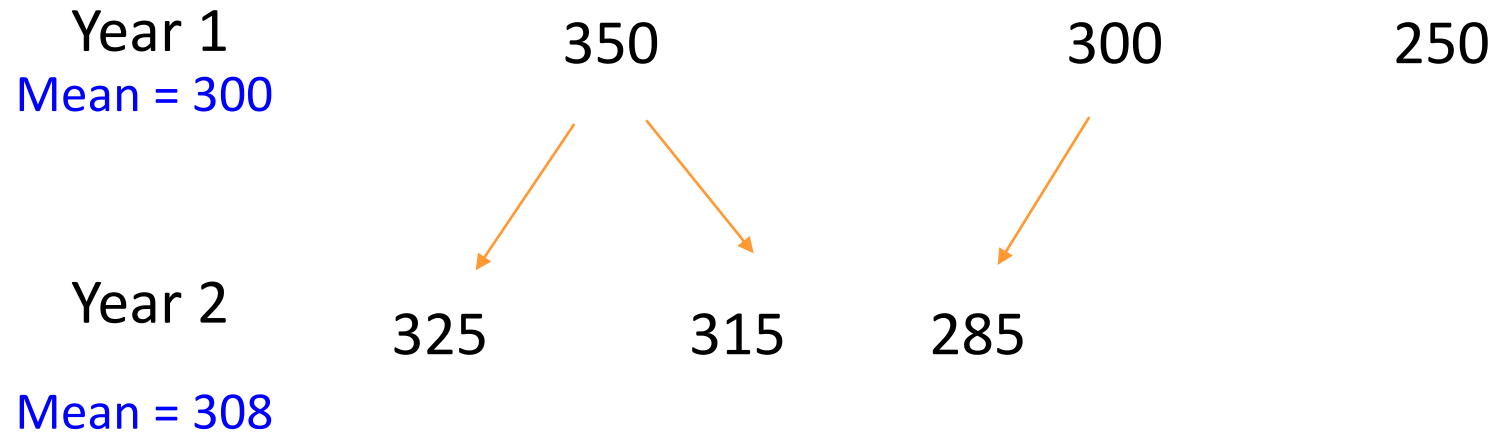
- worst sires have more progeny culled 'culling bias'
- animals are from selected parents

Culling bias

<i>ID</i>	<i>Sire</i>	<i>Weaning Weight</i>	<i>Progeny mean</i>	<i>Yearling Weight</i>	<i>Progeny mean</i>
101	1	160		300	
102	1	140	140	280	280
103	1	120		260	
104	2	140		280	
105	2	120	120	260	270
106	2	100		no record as culled	

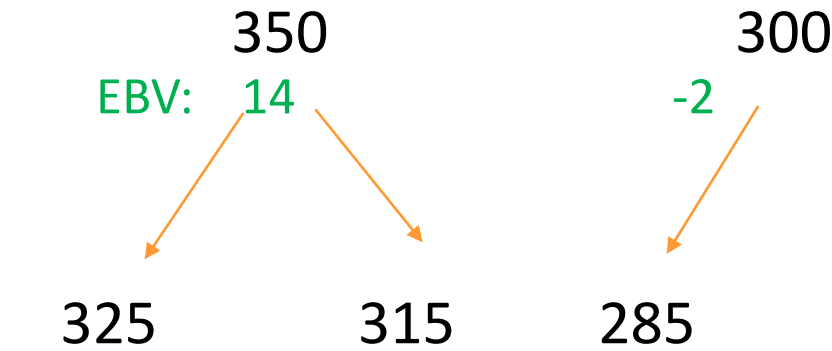
Sire 2 gets an unfair 'lift' in progeny mean of yearling weight, due to culling at weaning.

Animals are from selected parents



Estimating genetic trend

Year 1
Mean = 300

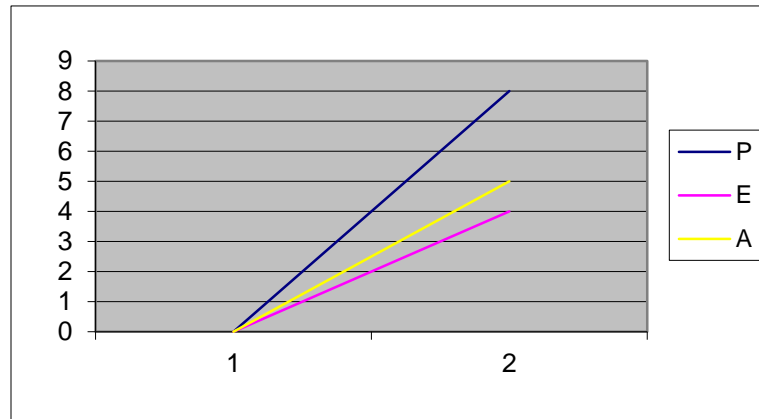


Year 2
Mean = 308

Ave
EBV Year
 Effect

0 300

5 304



Possible causes of bias ‘selection bias’

- **Problem:** There is culling and selection
 - worst sires have more progeny culled ‘culling bias’
 - animals are from selected parents
- **Solution:** Do joint evaluation
 - account for culling bias by evaluating first and later traits jointly
 - account for selection by joint evaluation over years
 - Information about culled animals should be included in analysis

A feature of BLUP

Genetic trends

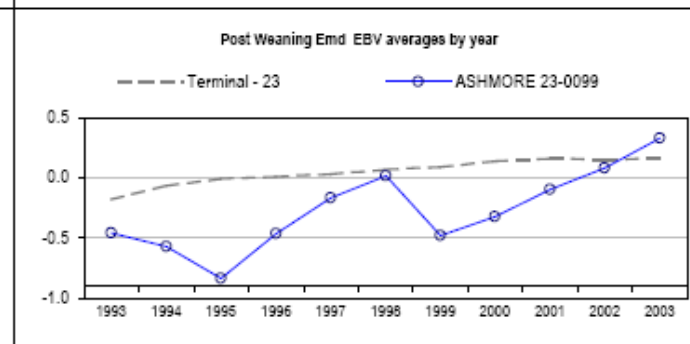
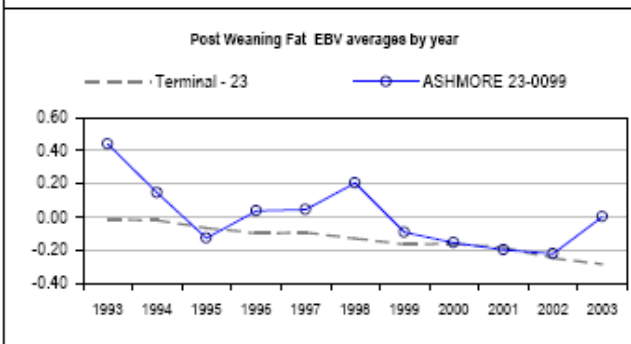
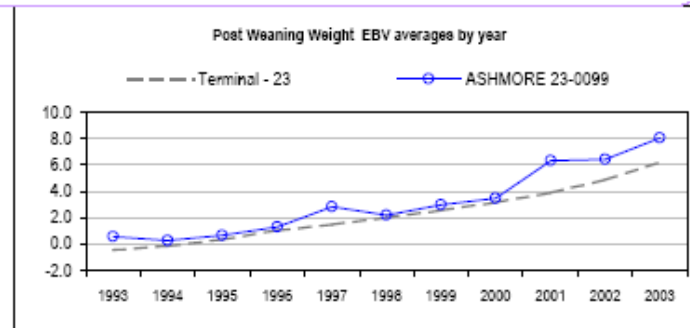
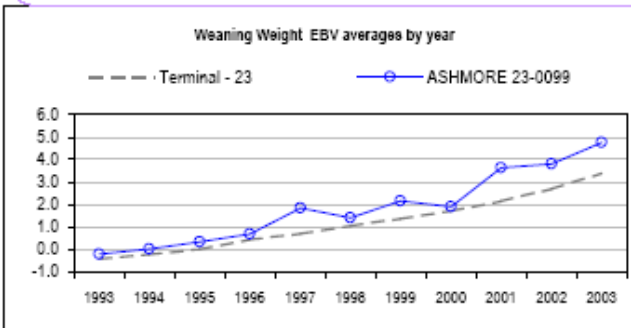
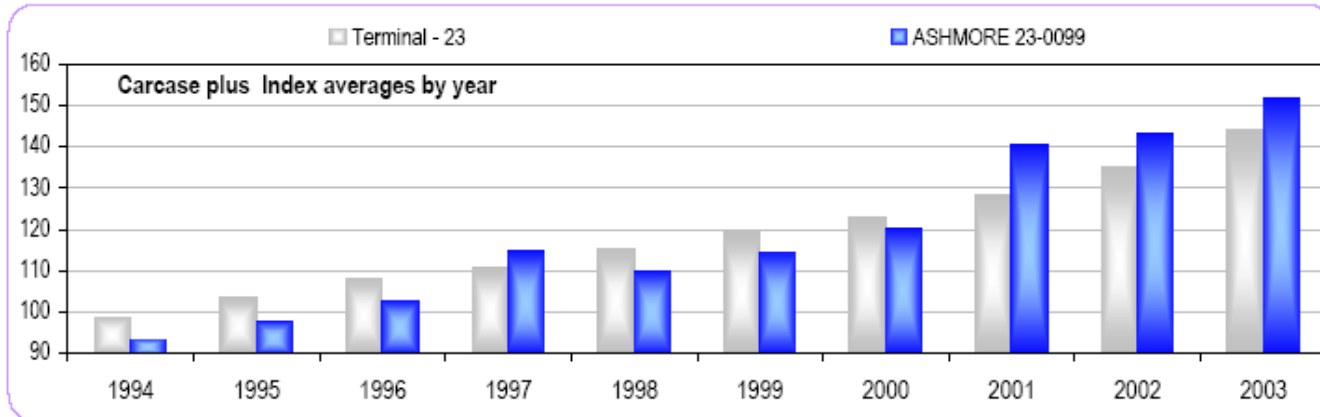
BLUP separates genetic and year effects

genetic trends can be observed by plotting BLUP EBVs over years



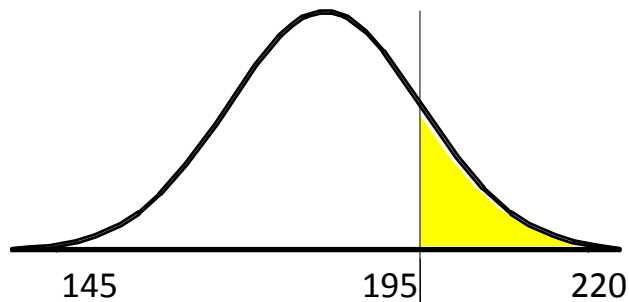
Analysis : **Terminal - 23**

Dated : 1/11/03

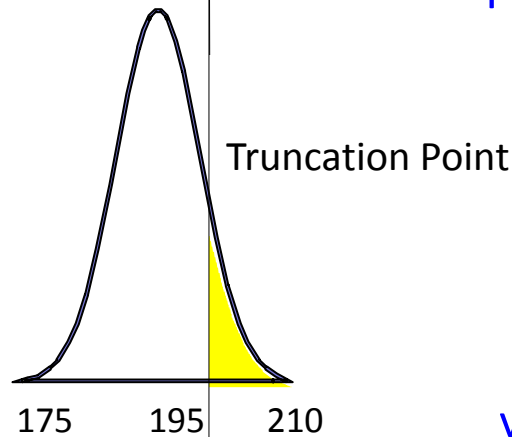


BLUP helps selecting between old and young bulls

- EBVs can be compared directly over age classes
- Selection on BLUP EBVs optimizes generation interval



proven sires



young sires



Example of BLUP selection (truncation)

Terminals - Top 150

Analysis Date Friday, 15 June 2001



Sires

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Consider top 15 sires, truncation point = 195

Sires in top are from various age classes

Another feature of BLUP

- BLUP uses family information (and more so at lower heritabilities)
- Selection on BLUP EBVs can thus results in **higher inbreeding** than selection on phenotypes alone
- Best strategy: Balance merit and genetic diversity
 - Start selecting from top, but leave an animal out if sibs have been selected already

Example of BLUP selection

Terminals - Top 150

Analysis Date Friday, 15 June 2001

LAMBPLAN
Partners in Sheep Breeding and Evaluation

Sires

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These are sibs so
 might not select
 all of them as
 flock sire

Good methods need good data

- Accuracy of BLUP EBVs depends on amount and the quality of the data (as well as the trait heritability)
 - Accurate phenotypic measurements
 - Correct pedigree
 - Correct recording of fixed effects & contemporary groups
 - Appropriate data structure (e.g. information on mates, culls)
- Remember, if BLUP doesn't know a piece of information, it cannot account for it

BLUP summary

- Uses information on all relatives optimally
- Accounts for fixed effects such as herd, birth type, age
- Accounts for unequal usage of sires in different herds
- Can compare across herd or flocks but need links to exist
- Accounts for culling and selection, non-random mating
 - *but non selected animals and mates need to be included in analysis!*
- Allows selection across age classes
- Provides an estimate of genetic trend

Why is selection on BLUP EBVs better than selecting on an animals' phenotype?

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- Phenotypic information has been corrected for fixed effects → BLUP EBV is unbiased
- Information from relatives has been included in BLUP EBV → BLUP EBV is more accurate
- BLUP EBV allows fair comparisons of animals from different age classes (accounted for genetic trend)